

Protracted Refugee Situations Political Human Rights And Security Implications

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2020-21 CITS Global Decision Series: The Future of Human Security Human Face: Literature That Brings Human Rights To Life (BABF 2019)

Humanitarian Predicaments: Protracted Displacement and Palestinian Refugee PoliticsWhat if we helped refugees to help themselves? | Alexander Betts | TEDxVienna

Emily Arnold Fernandez: "The average duration of a protracted refugee situation is 26 years"Book Panel Discussion: Palestinian Refugees in International Law Book Roundtable: Humanitarianism and Human Rights The Politics of Asylum Flows and Syrian Refugees in Turkey Humanity in Crisis: How Ethics and Religion Shape Policy Responses to Refugees "What Citizens Owe Strangers: Human Rights, Migrants and Refugees" with Michael Ignatieff Refugee Dignity in Protracted Exile: Rights, Capabilities and Legal Empowerment IQ2 Debate: The Refugee Convention is Out of Date Prof John Mearsheimer - US Foreign Policy under President Biden Our refugee system is failing. Here's how we can fix it | Alexander Betts From Jesus to Christ: The First Christians, Part One (full documentary) | FRONTLINE Why Brexit happened — and what to do next | Alexander Betts The Wealth of Refugees: How Displaced People Can Build Economies What are the universal human rights? - Benedetta Berti Bill Frelick: Regional Crises, Refugees and Human Rights

2011 Refugee Conference - Durable Solutions

South2North - The refugees within the refugeesWebinar: UN Global Compacts: Governing Migrants and Refugees

Who Is a Refugee?The Palestinian Refugees: Rights, Reality \u0026 Return: A webinar hosted by Miko Peled Protracted Refugee Situations Political Human
The funding trickling into Burkina Faso doesn't come close to matching the scale of the suffering, writes Angelina Jolie.

Angelina Jolie: We Need to Understand the Human Cost of Burkina Faso's Refugee Crisis

The most powerful country on earth is starting to think seriously about how to help those on the frontlines of climate change.

The US Was Leader In Refugee Resettlement, Can It Be The Same For Climate Flight?

I didn't say 'Syrian refugee ... as social and political actors capable of thinking for themselves and navigating in a context of uncertainty, or seen as human beings who exist outside ...

Why it's important to see displaced people as more than just 'refugees'

The Asia-Pacific region counts the smallest percentage of state parties to the 1951 Refugee Convention and the 1967 Protocol - only 20 out of 48.

70 Years on, the Refugee Convention Still Struggles to Gain Traction in the Asia Pacific

For over four decades, Afghans constitute the world's largest protracted refugee ... High Commissioner for Refugees, Mr. Filippo Grandi, while calling for greater political will to address ...

UNHCR Press Release: Together we can achieve anything — Afghanistan and UNHCR Mark World Refugee Day 20 June [EN/Dari]

The day serves as a reminder of the importance of respecting the human rights of refugees all around the ... Director of ECW "Without resolute political commitment by global leaders, as well ...

World Refugee Day

Palestinian camps in Lebanon have turned once more into "transitional zones of emplacement" for thousands of people recently fleeing the Syrian conflict. In this context, the plural subjectivities ...

"Safe but Frozen Camps": Syrian and Palestinian Refugees around a Football Field in Beirut

The principle of maintaining the unity of the family is considered under the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees and the 1981 Charter on Human ... specific legal position or status ...

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~~Family unit key in protecting refugees~~

In a nation ravaged by climate change, Earthtrust owns all the land's resources. A growing resistance seeks to recruit a renegade genius in their mission to remake the world—but first, he'll have to ...

~~The Long Damage of Human Want~~

South Sudanese Rosa Ghobrial packed up her life in Sudan to start anew in the newly-independent South, but she has since been stranded in a ramshackle camp awaiting repatriation.

~~South Sudan refugees stranded in north decade after split~~

the needs of refugees, international law becomes second-tier to political interests, with tremendous human costs.

~~From Australia to the EU, Can International Law Actually Protect Refugees?~~

"Despite the pandemic, the number of people fleeing wars, violence, persecution and human rights ... also a former refugee, called for the country to re-take the leadership position on ...

~~Everyone Agrees We Need More Refugee Solidarity But Nobody Wants To Give It~~

Khartoum awaiting repatriation since 2011. Overall, there are nearly 800,000 South Sudanese refugees living in precarious conditions in the north ...

~~South Sudan refugees long to return home 10 years after independence~~

Bizimana is one of the estimated 7,080 refugees from Burundi who have found sanctuary in Kenya. Majority of refugees and asylum seekers originate from Somalia (54%). Other major nationalities are ...

~~What Africa can teach the world about refugees~~

The Human Rights Council this morning held its quadrennial panel discussion on promoting human rights through sport and the Olympic ideal. It also concluded its interactive dialogue with the High ...

~~Human Rights Council Holds Quadrennial Panel Discussion on Promoting Human Rights Through Sport and the Olympic Ideal~~

It may be a challenge, but it is also an absolute necessity: bridging the gap between international law and reality and quickly crossing the bridge to reach all crisis-affected children and youth left ...

~~Bridging the Gap and Crossing the Bridge~~

The United Nations' refugee agency says war, violence, persecution, human rights violations and ... such as Syria and Afghanistan due to protracted wars or fighting have dominated the U.N ...

~~UN: Millions driven from homes in 2020 despite COVID crisis~~

Such problems lead to forced migration of people across national border and lead to what is today a protracted ... human wants are not put on hold the moment someone becomes a refugee.

~~Healthcare main hurdle for refugees, host communities~~

The day serves as a reminder of the importance of respecting the human rights ... the 20th World Refugee Day with the theme "Together we heal, learn and shine." As the United Nations global fund for ...

First Published in 2006. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Protracted refugee populations not only constitute over 70% of the world's refugees but are also a principal source of many of the irregular movements of people around the world today. The long-term presence of refugee populations in much of the developing world has come to be seen by many host states in these regions as a source of insecurity. In response, host governments have enacted policies of containing refugees in isolated and insecure camps,

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have prevented the arrival of additional refugees and, in extreme cases, have engaged in forcible repatriation. Not surprisingly, these refugee populations are also increasingly perceived as possible sources of insecurity for Western states. Refugee camps are sometimes breeding grounds for international terrorism and rebel movements. These groups often exploit the presence of refugees to engage in activities that destabilise not only host states but also entire regions.

How do African states respond to the mass arrival and prolonged presence of refugees? This book answers this question by drawing on recent case studies and examining the politics behind refugee policy in Africa. The implications of this approach are important not only for the study of asylum in Africa, but also for the future of refugee protection.

Refugees lie at the heart of world politics. The causes and consequences of, and responses to, human displacement are intertwined with many of the core concerns of International Relations. Yet, scholars of International Relations have generally bypassed the study of refugees, and Forced Migration Studies has generally bypassed insights from International Relations. This volume therefore represents an attempt to bridge the divide between these disciplines, and to place refugees within the mainstream of International Relations. Drawing together the work and ideas of a combination of the world's leading and emerging International Relations scholars, the volume considers what ideas from International Relations can offer our understanding of the international politics of forced migration. The insights draw from across the theoretical spectrum of International Relations from realism to critical theory to feminism, covering issues including international cooperation, security, and the international political economy. They engage with some of the most challenging political and practical questions in contemporary forced migration, including peacebuilding, post-conflict reconstruction, and statebuilding. The result is a set of highly original chapters, yielding not only new concepts of wider relevance to International Relations but also insights for academics, policy-makers, and practitioners working on forced migration in particular and humanitarianism in general.

This book investigates how effective human rights and the inherent dignity of refugees can be secured in situations of protracted exile and encampment. The book deploys an innovative human rights-based capabilities approach to address fundamental questions relating to law, power, governance, responsibility, and accountability in refugee camps. Adopting an original theoretical framework, the author demonstrates that legal empowerment can change the distribution of power in a given refugee situation, facilitating the exercise of individual agency and assisting in the reform of the opportunity structure available to the individual. Thus, by helping to increase the capability of refugees to participate actively in the decisions that most affect their core rights and interests, participatory approaches to legal empowerment can also assist in securing other capabilities, ultimately ensuring that refugees are able to live dignified lives while in protracted exile. Ultimately, the book demonstrates that legal empowerment of refugees can bring lasting benefits in establishing trust between refugees, the state, and local communities. It will be of interest to researchers within the fields of refugee studies, international law, development studies, and political science, as well as to policy-makers and practitioners working in the fields of refugee assistance and humanitarian intervention.

This is a concise and comprehensive introduction to both the world of refugees and the UN organization that protects and assists them. Written by experts in the field, this is one of the very few books that trace the relationship between state interests, global politics, and the work of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees' (UNHCR). Looking ahead into the twenty-first century, the authors outline how the changing nature of conflict and displacement poses UNHCR with a new array of challenges and how there exists a fundamental tension between the UN's human rights agenda of protecting refugees fleeing conflict and persecution and the security, political and economic interests of states around the world. Key topics discussed include: The UNHCR as an actor in world politics since 1950 Refugee definition and protection instruments New challenges to the UNHCR's mandate Institutional strengths and weaknesses Asylum crises in the global North and global South Protracted refugee situations and internally displaced persons Key criticisms and continuing relevance of the UNHCR.

This book focuses on the common features of protracted refugee situations. It is a critical examination of the reasons underlying the extended nature of those crises, as well as potential solutions to them. The book addresses war and armed conflict, environmental change and natural disasters, statelessness and protection gaps, among other elements, as common origins of refugee crises. It analyzes the root causes of some of the longest-standing unresolved refugee situations in the world today (including, but not limited to, the cases of Palestinians, Sahrawis, and Tibetans), addressing the particular political and legal tensions undermining solutions to them. The book comprises contributions from some of the leading scholars and practitioners in the field of international refugee, human rights and humanitarian law, and international relations.

Protracted Refugee Situations (PRS) are of serious concern due to their adverse impacts on human rights and stability in host countries. This thesis profiles three, so-called, durable solutions for refugees: local integration, third country resettlement, and voluntary repatriation. However, refugees living in PRS are not given any durable solutions, and they remain confined to refugee camps while the conflicts that forced them from their homelands

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continue. Refugees usually find themselves in PRS as a result of the restrictive policies of the country in which they have sought refuge. These conditions not only deprive refugees of basic human rights, but act as catalysts for political violence, insurgency, and radicalization. This thesis examines, in detail, one such case: Nahr al-Bared, a Palestinian refugee camp in Lebanon where refugees have been living in PRS for decades due to stringent refugee policies that contributed to violent clashes that took place in May 2007. The denial of human rights for Palestinians in Lebanon has effectively marginalized already disempowered refugee populations, thereby increasing the likelihood of instability and radicalization. The denial of rights, a lack of opportunities, and confinement to the poor conditions of the refugee camp, are driving forces of political violence and militant rhetoric. This situation can endanger the refugee host country as well as the refugees, who are civilians in need of international protection. Therefore, there is a strong connection between the inclusion of rights for refugee populations in a host country, and peace and security. The case of Palestinians in Lebanon is examined as a microcosm of the notion that human rights and state security are interdependent. Recognition of this interdependence necessitates a paradigm shift in perspectives and policies of international refugee protection and state security, from regarding PRS as an indefinite state of emergency to be contained, to acknowledgment that the indefinite duty to protect refugees in protracted situations simultaneously serves the host country's security concerns.

Drawing together the work and ideas of a combination of the world's leading and emerging International Relations scholars, *Refugees in International Relations* provides a comprehensive and challenging overview of the international politics of forced migration.

Refugee and Forced Migration Studies has grown from being a concern of a relatively small number of scholars and policy researchers in the 1980s to a global field of interest with thousands of students worldwide studying displacement either from traditional disciplinary perspectives or as a core component of newer programmes across the Humanities and Social and Political Sciences. Today the field encompasses both rigorous academic research which may or may not ultimately inform policy and practice, as well as action-research focused on advocating in favour of refugees' needs and rights. This authoritative Handbook critically evaluates the birth and development of *Refugee and Forced Migration Studies*, and analyses the key contemporary and future challenges faced by academics and practitioners working with and for forcibly displaced populations around the world. The 52 state-of-the-art chapters, written by leading academics, practitioners, and policymakers working in universities, research centres, think tanks, NGOs and international organizations, provide a comprehensive and cutting-edge overview of the key intellectual, political, social and institutional challenges arising from mass displacement in the world today. The chapters vividly illustrate the vibrant and engaging debates that characterize this rapidly expanding field of research and practice.

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